

Vocabulary

- 1 🕥 8.1 Listen, point and say.
- 2 🚺 8.2 Listen and play the game. What's next?



3 😳 Write the new words in your notebook.

Things I have in my house	Things I don't have in my house
bowl	museum
4 💽 Look at the picture. Ask and 5 🕦 8.3 Sing the song. Be a star	answer. Did people in prehistory have tools? Did they have a TV? Yes, they did.
o on only the song.	No, they didn't.
 Prehistory Let's talk about prehistory. It really isn't a mystery! Go to a museum and have a look. Or read about it in a book! Did they have tools in prehistory? Yes, they did. Of course they did! And fire and necklaces, too! 	Chorus Did they have coins in prehistory? Yes, they did. Of course they did! And bowls and sculptures, too! Chorus Which things from prehistory are in the song?

Lesson 2 Reading

1 Look at the photos and the title. Circle the correct answers.

- 1 The text is ... a true. b not true.
- 2 It's about ... a the past. b the past and the present.
- 2 Scan the text. <u>Underline</u> the new words from Lesson 1.
- 3 🚺 8.4 🚯 Read the text. Find five Inca things we can see today.

The **Inces**

Prehistory was before writing and was many thousands of years ago. Some people didn't have writing, but they had lots of other things! Let's learn about the Incas of South America. l'm Dario. I'm from Peru.

And I'm Alessa. We want to tell you about the Incas.

Where did they live? What did they wear, and what did they do?

The Incas lived in the Andes mountains. They wore clothes made from the wool of llamas and alpacas. You can see llamas and alpacas in the Andes today! Llamas are bigger than alpacas. They've got longer faces and ears like bananas!

Rich people wore clothes with lots of colours. Women wore long dresses. Did you know the Inca emperor wore a new shirt every day?

The Incas made beautiful gold necklaces. They made gold coins and sculptures, too.









Vocabulary

gold	grass	metal	stone	wood	wool
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The Incas lived in groups of families. They lived and worked together. Farming in the Andes was difficult, but the Incas were very clever. They made big green steps in the mountains and used lots of different metal tools to grow food. You can see those steps today!



They had some musical instruments. They had drums and *pinkillos*. *Pinkillos* were made of wood and were like a flute. People play *pinkillos* today, too.

The Incas didn't have writing, but they made *quipus* made of strings. They used *quipus* to count numbers. They used *quipus* for numbers of people, numbers of animals and dates. The Incas used *quipus* to tell stories, too. You can see some Inca *quipus* in museums, and people in the Andes use them today, too!

The Incas made stone buildings. You can visit a small Inca city called Machu Picchu (old mountain). It's at the top of a mountain, and it's really beautiful!

They made bridges, too! This Inca bridge is made of grass, but it's very strong. The Incas made a new bridge every year, and now people make a new bridge every year. You can cross it ... but don't look down!



pinkillos



quipus

🔩 Learning to learn

Self-motivation

- **1** Review the way to spell new words on page 25.
- 2 Do a time challenge. How many words you can practise in five minutes?

Practise the new words on this page and in Lesson 1 for five minutes. Test a friend.

Lesson 3 Reading comprehension



- 1 Answer the questions with full sentences.
 - 1 What did the Incas use to make clothes? <u>They used wool from llamas and alpacas.</u>
 - 2 What did the Incas make in the mountains to grow food?
 - 3 What musical instruments did they have?
 - 4 What did they use to count numbers?
 - 5 What did they make from stone, and from grass?
- 2 Look at the photos and read the text again. Match. Be a sto
 - Machu Picchu is an animal. was for counting numbers.
 A pinkillo which is made of strings, is a small city
 A quipu, is a small city
 An alpaca is like a flute.
 Was for counting numbers.
 Was for counting numbers.
 the Incas made at the top of a mountain.
 Incas used its wool to make clothes.

Sounds and spelling

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3 🕥 8.5 Listen and say the chant. Look at the spelling.

'Oh, what a voice!' said the boy to Joy. But 'Oi! What a noise!' thought Roy.



4 🕥 8.6 Write the missing letters *oi* or *oy*. Listen and check.

1 t<u>oy</u> 2 n___se 3 c___n 4 b___ 5 v___ce 6 J___

Lesson 4	Gram	nar			_					
1 🜔 Look ar	nd read.					Gra	phic		rammar	
							there	was / v	were	
	There	was	α	mamm	oth	in	the	cave	!	
		was			a		mam	moth.		
	There	was <mark>n't</mark> (was <mark>n't</mark> (was not)							and a
			were		(some)		mammoths.		1	F 139
		were <mark>n't</mark>	(we	re not)	any				2 34	

- 2 Look and complete the sentences with was, wasn't, were or weren't.
 - **1** There were some tools. (\checkmark)

 - 4 There _____ an armchair. (x) 8 There _____ a knife. (x)
- 5 There _____ some bowls. (\checkmark)
 - 2 There _____ an instrument. (</) 6 There _____ any coins. (</ >
 - 3 There _____ any clocks. (x) 7 There _____ a necklace. (✓)
- 3 😨 Work in pairs and do a picture dictation. 🛽 Be a sta
 - A Look at page 150. B Look at page 159.
 - Draw four things. Choose from the items on the page.
 - Describe your classroom. Listen and draw your friend's classroom.



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Lesson 5 **Language in use**

1 🚺 8.7 🜔 Listen and say.



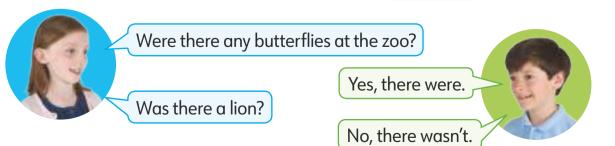
Vocabulary

butterfly gorilla meerkat parrot show

- What did you do yesterday?
- I went to the zoo.
- A Oh, lucky you! Were there any parrots?
- No, there weren't.
- Were there any meerkats?
- Yes, there were.
- **Was there** a dolphin show?
- Yes, there was.
- Were there any gorillas?
- No, there weren't.

2 Read the answers about the zoo. Write the questions.

- 1 Was there a café at the zoo?No, there wasn't a café.2Yes, there were five kangaroos.3Yes, there were lots of gorillas.4Yes, there was a shop.5No, there weren't any dolphins.
- 3 😡 Work in pairs. Now make a new dialogue. 🛛 🖪 🛚 🗛 🗛 🗛

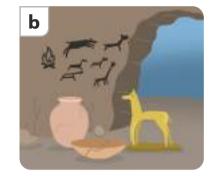


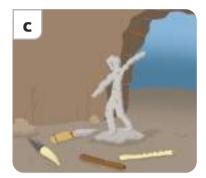
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Lesson 6 Listening and speaking

1 Look at the pictures. What can you see in the caves?



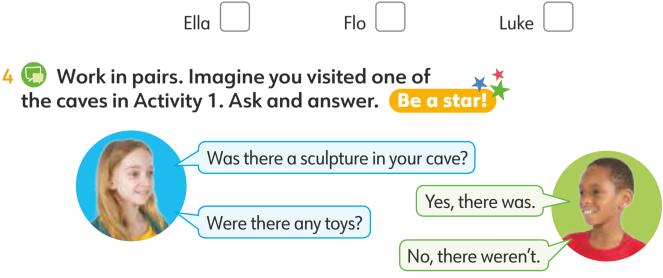




2 🚺 8.8 Listen. Tick (✓) what was in each cave.

	A fire	Bowls	A necklace	Tools	Musical instruments	A sculpture
Ella's cave	\checkmark					
Flo's cave						
Luke's cave						

3 ② Look at Activities 1 and 2. Which was their favourite cave? Write *a*, *b* or *c*.



Lesson 7 **Writing**

1 These two sentences are from the text on pages 98-99. They are called topic sentences.

The Incas lived in the Andes mountains. The Incas lived in groups of families.

2 Circle the correct answers.

- 1 Where are they in their paragraphs?
- 2 What do the sentences do?

a They give all the information.

a at the beginning

b at the end

- **b** They say what the paragraph is about.
- 3 Choose a topic sentence for each picture. Then write three more sentences using the words in the box. Be a star

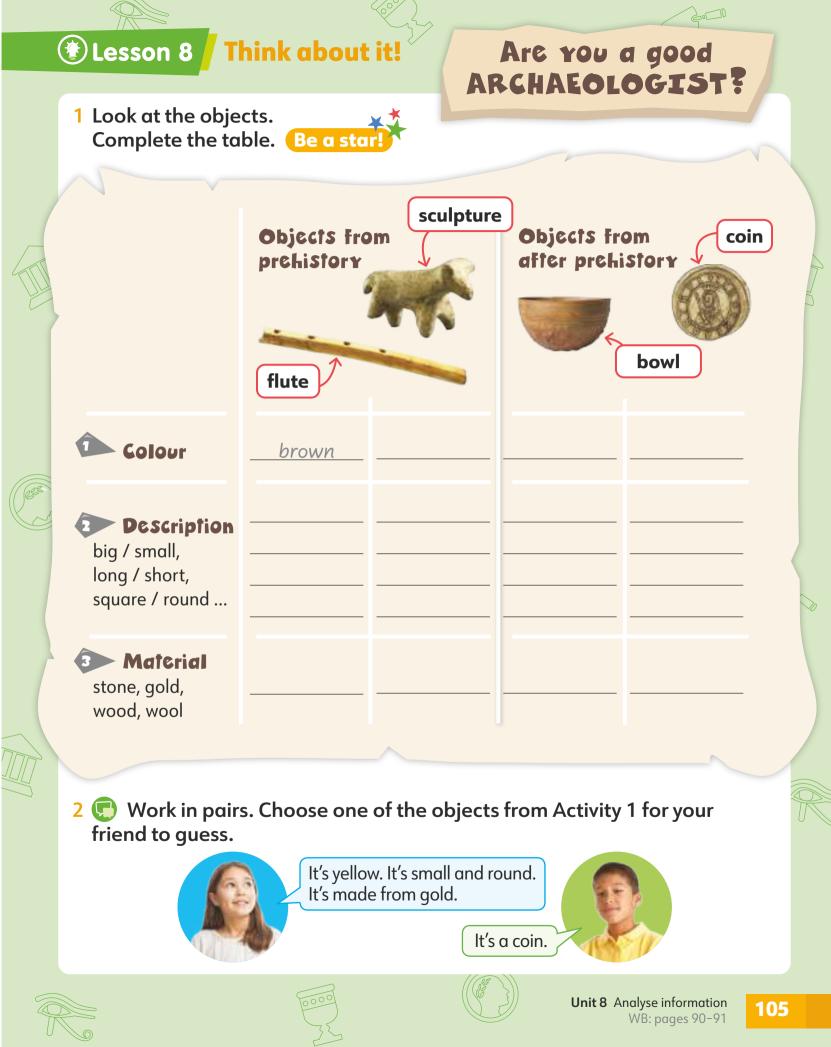
There were animals in the Andes mountains.	
The Incas had tools.	



made	steps	metal
green	mountains	food



They made ...



Review 4

1 📀 8.9 Listen and write the verbs in the table. Then complete it.

	1	2	3	4	5
present	stand				
past					
	6	7	8	9	10
present					
present past					

2 😴 Work in pairs. Take turns to guess the objects and spell the words.



3 What did Aunt Daisy do yesterday? Read and correct the sentences.



Aunt Daisy went to the cinema. She wore a yellow hat. She had an umbrella. She drank tea.

1 <u>She didn't go to the cinema. She went to the zoo.</u>

2	
3	
4	

Cambridge Exams practice

Listening

Speaking

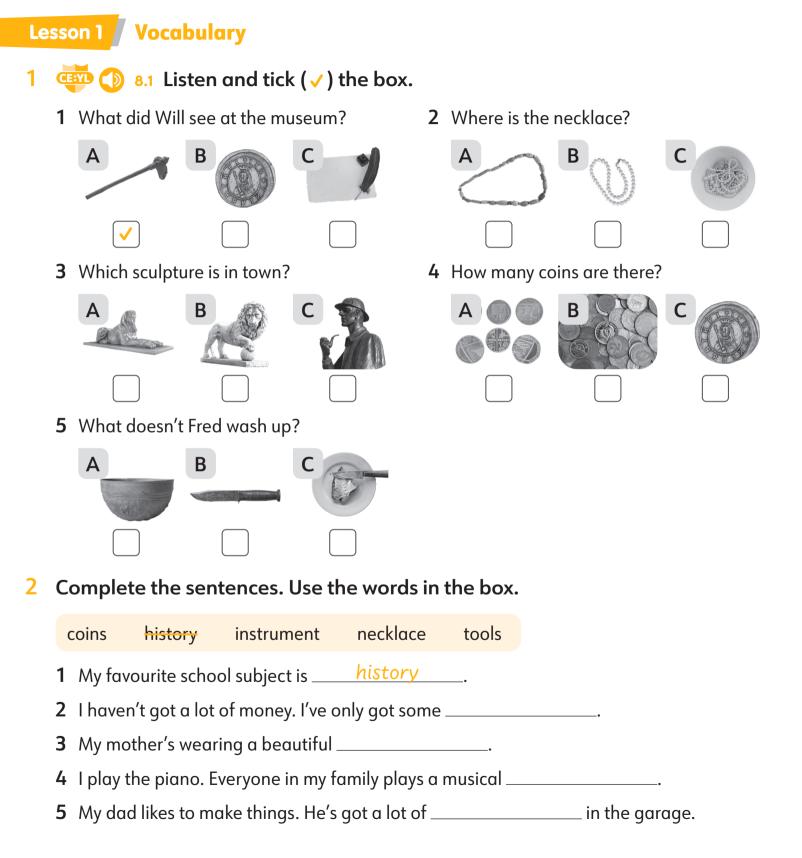
1 😳 🚺 8.10 Listen and write. There is one example.

The museum		
When:	Saturday	
1 Number of rooms:		
2 Saw:		
3 Then, went to:		
4 Ate:		
5 Drank:		e de la companya de l

2 😳 🕝 Work in pairs. Talk about museums. What do you like in museums?



Back in time



Lesson 2 Reading

1 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Look at Pupil's Book pages 98–99 to check.

gold	grass	metal	stone	wood	wool
The Inca	s made ma	iny things. T	They made	musical ins	truments
out of ¹ _	wood	They we	ere called p	oinkillos, an	d they
were like flutes. They made clothes from the ² of					
alpacas	and llamas	, and beau	tiful ³	no	ecklaces!
They ma	de 4	bu	ildings and	steps in th	е
mountai	ns, and use	ed ⁵	too	ls to grow f	ood. They
even mo	ide bridges	out of ⁶		_•	



2 What have you got in your home made of ...

 1 wood?
 2 stone?

 3 wool?
 4 metal?

Learning to learn

3

Write new words in groups to help you remember them.



Solution: Write the words in the correct groups.

coin	history	pot	science	sculpture	stone	wood	maths	
	Group				Words			
Object	s from preh	istory	coin					
	Materials							
Sc	hool subjec [.]	ts						

Lesson 3 Reading comprehension

- Read about the Incas on Pupil's Book pages 98–99. Answer the questions.
 - 1 Where did the Incas live? <u>They lived in the Andes mountains.</u>
 - 2 What did they wear?
 - **3** Name five things the Incas made.
 - 4 What is the name of a small Inca city?



2 Complete the table. What did the Incas make from ... ?

Objects	Made from
buildings	stone
	wool
	grass
necklaces	

Sounds and spelling

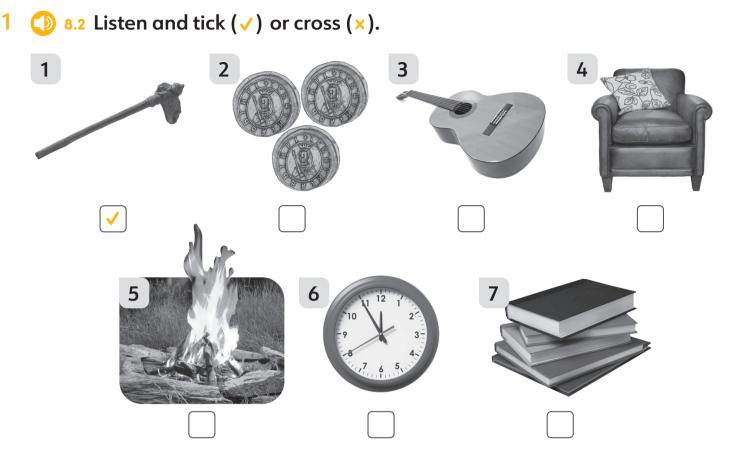
3 Find and say the words. Then colour the *oy* words green and the *oi* words yellow.



4 Read the sentences. Where do oy and oi go in the words?

Point to the boy with the coins.

- 'Enjoy your new toy,' said Joy in a loud voice.
- 1 *oi* goes ______ of the word.
- 2 oy goes _____ of the word.



2 Complete the sentences with *There was / wasn't* or *There were / weren't*.

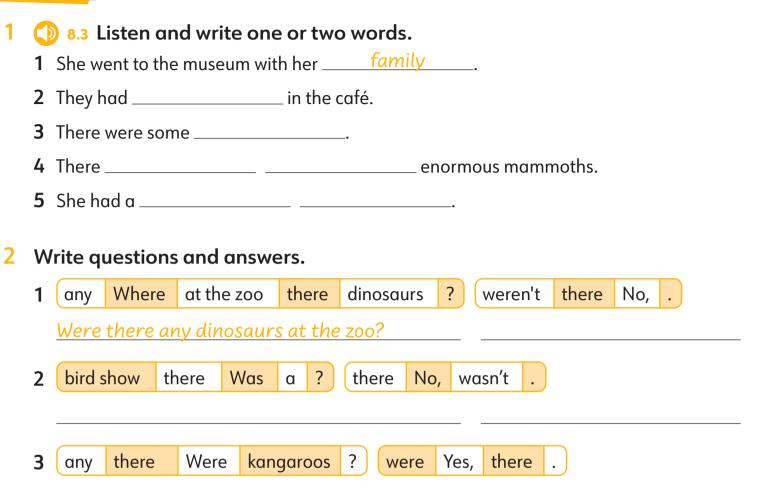
- 1 < <u>There were</u> stone tables and chairs in Inca houses.
- 2 × _____ any books in Inca houses.

Lesson 4 Grammar

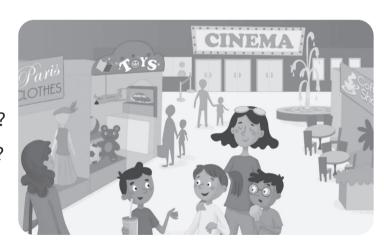
- 3 🗸 ______ a fireplace in an Inca house.
- 4 × ______ a computer in an Inca house.
- 3 Look at the list of things. Write about what *There was / were* and *There wasn't / weren't* in your classroom last year.

\checkmark	pens and pencils	1	There were some pens and pencils.
	tools	2	
	a fireplace	3	
	musical instruments	4	
	books	5	
		-	

Lesson 5 Language in use



- 3 Your friend went to a shopping centre yesterday. Write questions to ask him / her.
 - 1 Were there any _____?
 - 2 Was there a _____?
 - 3 _____
 - 4 _____



4 Imagine you went to the shopping centre with your friend. Answer the questions you wrote in Activity 3.

1	2
3	4

Lesson 6 Language builder

- 1 Look at Activity 2 on Pupil's Book page 103. Complete the sentences about the three caves.
 - 1 In Ella's cave, there was a painting of a fire and some prehistoric animals, some bowls and a _____.
 - 2 In Flo's cave, _____
 - 3 In Luke's cave, _____
- 2 Imagine you visited a prehistoric cave. Draw the cave and the prehistoric objects you saw in it.

3 Answer questions about your cave.

- 1 Were there any paintings in your cave?
- 2 Was there a sculpture?
- **3** Were there any musical instruments?
- 4 Were there any bowls and pots?

4 Now write about your cave.

I visited a prehistoric cave. In it, there _____

Lesson 7

Writing

Prepare to write

Read the text, then choose the best topic sentence to complete it.

The people made things for their houses and farms. For example, they made stone buildings and steps, bridges made of grass and clothes from wool. They also made gold necklaces.

- **1** The Incas liked making things.
- 2 There was a place to make tools in Machu Picchu.
- **3** There were no mountains where the Incas lived.
- Look at the pictures. Think of a topic sentence for each picture. 2 Then write three or more sentences using the words to help you.



prehistory	musical instrum	ents
cave	necklace	fire
stone	bowls	

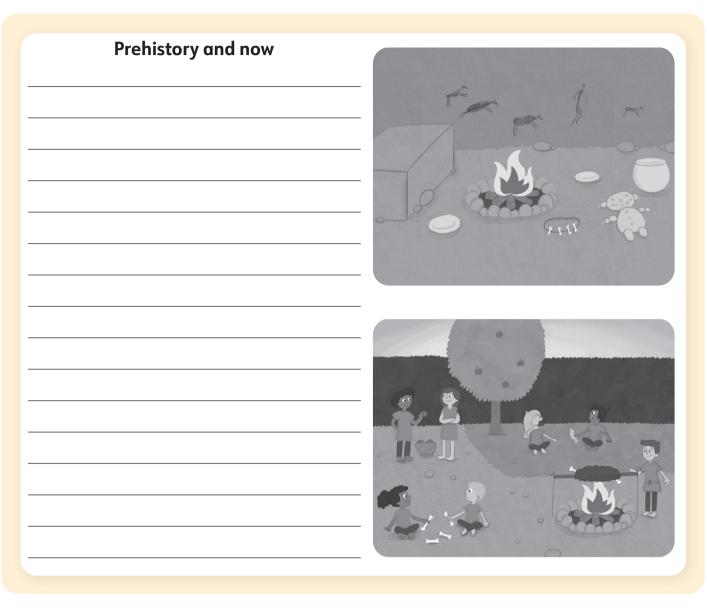




fish cooked ate painted made happy toys

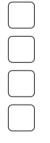
Ready to write

3 Now put the two paragraphs together and add detail.

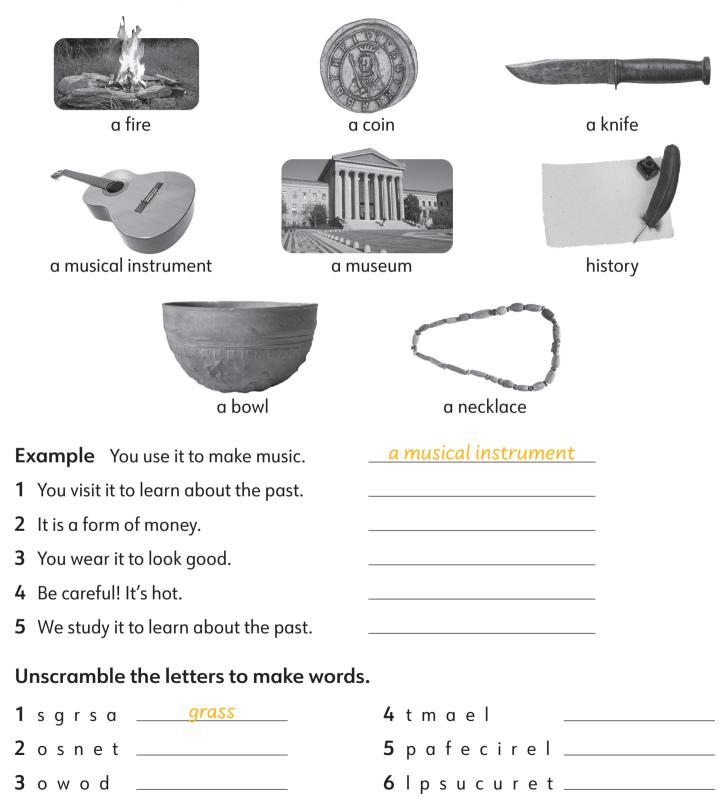


4 Read and check your work in Activity 3. Tick (\checkmark).

- Did I write sentences about the topic?
- Did I use the correct past tense?
- Did I use the correct punctuation?
- Did I write neatly?



1 Look and read. Choose the correct words and write them on the lines. There is one example.



2

3 Complete the text with the words in the box.

any	pot	some	there	was	weren't	
Well, th	ere were ²	<u>here</u> i There was a	paintii	ngs of	nd	
there w	as a bowl. Tl	nere ⁴		_ any toys.		J.h
There ⁵ .		a scu	Ipture. There	e weren't		
6		_ tools.				

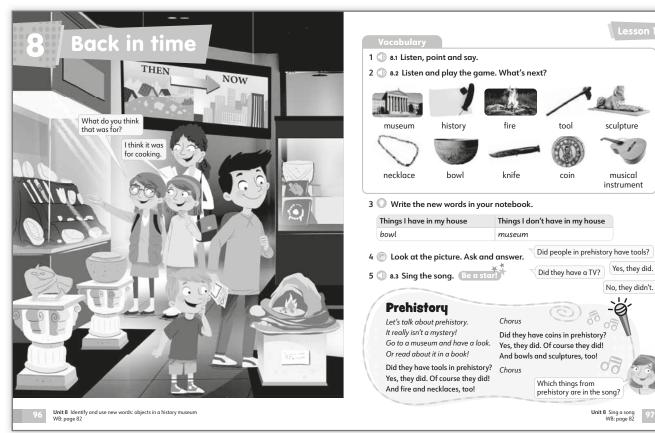
4 Look at Activity 3. Write questions and answers about the text.

1	Was there a sculpture?	2	Were there
3	<u>Yes, there was.</u>		
Wh	at I can do!		
Put	a tick (✓) or a cross (×).		
	talk about life in the past sing the song <i>Prehistory</i> say and write words with <i>oy</i> and <i>oi</i>	describe a	was / wasn't and there were / weren't picture graphs with topic sentences
In th	nis unit, I loved		
			was fun.
			was easy.



Lesson 1 Vocabulary

Pupil's Book pages 96-97



Learning objectives: Identify and use new words: objects in a history museum; Sing a song

Vocabulary: bowl, coin, fire, history, knife, museum, musical instrument, necklace, sculpture, tool

Resources: Flashcards; Vocabulary 1 worksheet

Warm-up: Past simple revision

- Write these two headings on the board in large • circles: Regular, Irregular.
- Call out different verbs from Units 5, 6 and 7. Have . volunteers raise their hands to come to the board and write each verb in the correct circle. Have them write the verb and past simple form.

1 (1) 8.1 Listen, point and say.

- The children look at page 96. Ask Are there objects from today or the past? (the past) Do the children like history? (yes) Do you agree with Ella that this object was for cooking? (Children's own answers.)
- The children look at page 97. They listen and point.
- Play the audio again. The children repeat each item. •

2 🔊 8.2 Listen and play the game. What's next?

• Have the children listen to the first example on the audio and show them that it follows the order shown in Activity 1.

Lesson 1

sculpture

musical instrument

No, they didn't

e

Unit 8 Sing a song WB: page 82

tool

coir

- For the next example, pause the audio before the child answers, elicit the answer from the class and then confirm with the audio.
- For the last part of the audio, when the narrator says Now you, pause for the children to call out the answer.

Audioscript

Teacher:	museum, history
Child:	fire
Teacher:	fire, tool
Child:	sculpture
Teacher:	Now you. 1 sculpture, necklace 2 bowl, knife 3 knife, coin 4 musical instrument, museum 5 history, fire

Answers: 1 bowl 2 coin 3 musical instrument 4 history 5 tool

152 Unit 8

Teaching star!

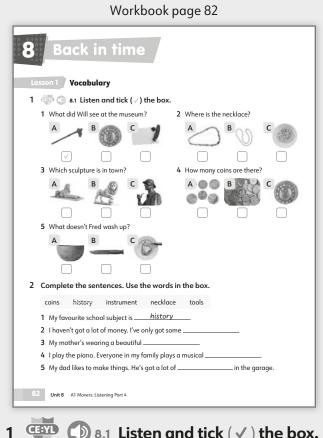
Extension

• Use the flashcards to support the audio. You can download the flashcards, print them and stick them on the board or show them on the screen. Ask two volunteers to stand in front of the flashcards. Play the audio from Activity 1 and have the volunteers take turns to point to the correct picture and say the word.

Write the new words in your notebook. 3

• Have the children copy and fill in the table into their notebooks. Ask the class for feedback and discuss what the children have in their houses.

Answers: Children's own answers.



 \bigcirc 8.1 Listen and tick (\checkmark) the box.

This activity helps the children prepare for Part 4 of the Listening in the Cambridge English: A1 Movers test.

- Children listen and tick the correct answers.
- Ask for feedback. Write answers on the board.

Audioscript

Speaker:	Look at the pictures. Listen and look. There is one example.
1 Speaker:	What did Will see at the museum?
Girl:	Where did you go yesterday, Will?
Boy:	I went to the museum.

4 🐷 Look at the picture. Ask and answer.

- Write prehistory on the board. Explain Prehistory is the time before people wrote things down.
- Read out the example questions and answers, and ask the class to point to the tools in the picture on page 96. The children work in pairs and take turns asking and answering questions about the picture.
- 5 **(**) 8.3 Sing the song.



- Ask children to cover the words of the song. Tell them to listen for things from prehistory in the song.
- Play the audio. Then ask for answers.
- Now the children look at the song lyrics. Play the audio again and stop after each line for the children to repeat (singing). Then play the full song.

Answers: tools, fire, necklaces, coins, bowls, sculptures

Girl:	I love history and I love museums. Did you see any old coins?
Boy:	No, I didn't. But I saw lots of tools.
Speaker:	Can you see the tick? Now you listen and tick the box.
2 Speaker:	Where is the necklace?
Girl:	Where's my necklace, Mum?
Woman:	Hmm. Is it on the table? I saw it next to the bowl.
Girl:	Oh yes - it's here - it's in the bowl.
3 Speaker:	Which sculpture is in town?
Girl:	I love that sculpture in town.
Woman:	Which sculpture? The man with the big hat?
Girl:	No, not that sculpture. The beautiful lion.
Woman:	Oh yes! Is it sitting down?
Girl:	No, it's standing up.
4 Speaker:	How many coins are there?
Boy:	Let's look in this room. There aren't many people in here.
Girl:	Good idea. Look at these old coins!
Boy:	Wow! There are lots of them. I've only got one coin!
5 Speaker:	What doesn't Fred wash up?
Man:	Can you wash up please, Fred?
Boy:	OK, Dad. Can you give me your bowl?
Man:	Sure. Don't wash up my plate and knife – I'm using them.
Boy:	ОК.

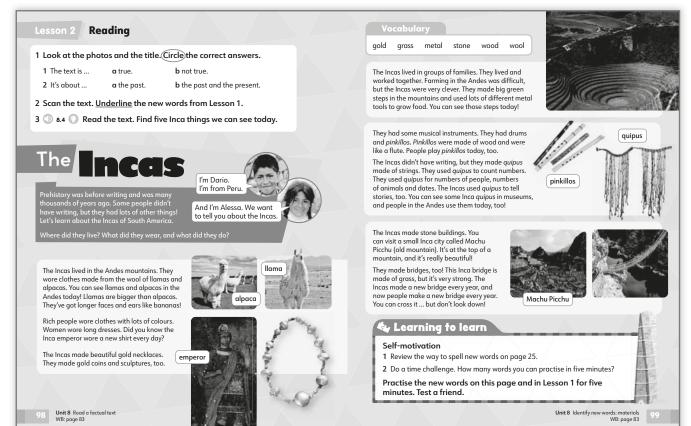
Answers: 1 A 2 C 3 B 4 B 5 C

2 Complete the sentences. Use words in the box.

Answers: 1 history 2 coins 3 necklace 4 instrument 5 tools

Lesson 2 Reading

Pupil's Book pages 98-99



Learning objectives: Learning objectives: Read a factual text; Identify new words: materials

Vocabulary: gold, grass, metal, stone, wood, wool

Review vocabulary: objects in a history museum

Resources: Flashcards

Warm-up: What's this?

- Draw a picture for one of the words from Lesson 1 on the board (e.g. *tool*). Ask the children What's this? and elicit answers.
- Have volunteers draw pictures of the other words and ask the class *What's this*?

Vocabulary

- Teach gold, grass, metal, stone, wood, wool. Write the words in a row on the board and say These words are all things in prehistory.
- Draw a simple picture under each word. Say each word and add details to aid understanding: *This necklace is made from gold, a valuable yellow metal.*

The garden is covered in green grass. This fork is metal. It isn't plastic. A sculpture is often made of stone, the hard substance that rocks are made of. The table is wood. Trees give us wood. This jumper is wool.

• Read out the words again and have the children repeat.

1 Look at the photos and the title. Circle the correct answers.

- Refer the children to the texts on pages 98–99. Tell them to look at the photos and the title. Read out the instructions and questions.
- Have the children answer the questions in pairs.
- Ask the children to report back to the class. Children raise their hands to suggest answers. Ask for class agreement.

Answers: 1 a - true **2** b - the past and the present.

2 Scan the text. Underline the new words from Lesson 1.

- Remind the children what *scan* is and tell them they have one minute to find all the new words.
- Children raise their hands to suggest answers. Ask for class agreement.

Teaching star!

Answers: (pre)history, necklaces, coins, sculptures, tools, musical instruments, museum

Reading

• As an alternative or addition to drawing on the board to teach new vocabulary, use the flashcards. Play the *What's this?* flashcard game with the flashcards for this lesson. See the Games bank (pages 14–17) for how to play this game.

3 3 8.4 3 Read the text. Find five Inca things we can see today.

- Play the audio and have the children follow in their books.
- Allow the children time to re-read the texts quietly.
- Ask the children Would you like to visit the small Inca city called Machu Picchu? Discuss as a class. Follow-up with Would you want to walk across an Inca bridge? Choose a few children to respond.

Answers: llamas and alpacas, big green steps, Pinkillos, quipus, stone buildings (Inca city), grass bridges

Learning to learn

- Read out the Learning to learn box to the children. Tell the children to look back at page 25 and review the way to spell new words.
- Have the children practise spelling the new words for five minutes.
- Then they work in pairs and test each other on the new words. Ask for class feedback and see how the children managed and which words they found more challenging.

Cooler: True or False

- Have the children place their Pupil's Books face down. Read out some sentences from the text. Change some information so it is false and read other sentences as they are so they are true.
- The children call out *True* or *False*. For false sentences, ask them to give the true information.

Le	sson 2 Reading		
1	Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Look at Pupil's Book pages 98–99 to check.		
	gold grass metal stone wood wool		
	The Incas made many things. They made musical instruments		
	out of 1 They were called <i>pinkillos</i> , and they		
	were like flutes. They made clothes from the ² of		
	alpacas and llamas, and beautiful ³ necklaces!		
	They made 4 buildings and steps in the		
	mountains, and used ⁵ tools to grow food. They		
	even made bridges out of ⁶		
2	What have you got in your home made of		
	1 wood? 2 stone?		
	3 wool? 4 metal?		
Le	Learning to learn		
	Write new words in groups to help you remember them.		
	(places → hospital, library, museum) (verbs → cook, eat, play)		
3	Write the words in the correct groups.		
	coin history pot science sculpture stone wood maths		
	Group Words		
	Objects from prehistory coin		
	Materials		
	School subjects		
	Unit 8 83		

Workbook page 83

1 Complete the sentences with words in the box. Look at Pupil's Book pages 98–99 to check.

Answers: 1 wood 2 wool 3 gold 4 stone 5 metal 6 grass

2 What have you got in your home made of ...

Answers: Children's own answers.

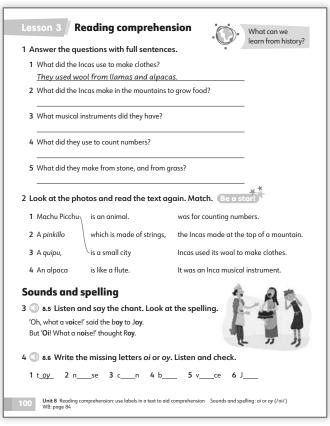
3 Write these words in the correct groups.

Answers: Objects from prehistory: coin, pot, sculpture Materials: stone, wood School subjects: history, maths, science

Lesson 3

Reading comprehension / Sounds and spelling





Learning objectives: Reading comprehension: use labels in a text to aid comprehension; Sounds and spelling: *oi* or *oy* (/oi/)

Vocabulary: boy, coin, noise, toy, voice

Review vocabulary: objects in a history museum

Resources: Sounds and spelling worksheet

Materials: (optional) green and yellow coloured pens or pencils

Warm-up: Song

- Have the children sing the song from Lesson 1 (track 8.3).
- Ask the children to raise their hands and say words from prehistory that are in the song.

1 Answer the questions with full sentences.

- Before the children open their books, ask them to recall details about the Incas.
- Read out the first question and have a volunteer read out the answer. Point out that the answers for 2–5 need the correct form of the past simple.
- Have the children finish the activity individually. Write the answers on the board.

Answers: 1 They used wool from llamas and alpacas.
2 They made big green steps in the mountains and used lots of different metal tools to grow food. 3 They had drums and pinkillos. 4 They used quipus to count numbers. 5 They made buildings from stone and bridges from grass.

Group work

- You can have the children write their own questions for reading texts in order to practise different tense forms.
- Divide the children into groups of four. Assign a paragraph from the reading text on pages 98–99 to each group. The groups write one question in the past simple for their paragraph. Have a volunteer from each group write their question on the board. The other groups answer each other's questions. During feedback, make sure the grammar forms are correct as well as the answers.

2 Look at the photos and read the text again. Match.



Teaching star!

- Ask the children to look at the photos and text again.
- The children match a line from each column to form a complete sentence.
- The children do this individually and then compare answers with a friend.

Answers: 1 Machu Picchu is a small city the Incas made at the top of a mountain. 2 A *pinkillo* is like a flute.
It was an Inca musical instrument. 3 A *quipo*, which is made of strings, was for counting numbers. 4 An alpaca is an animal. Incas used its wool to make clothes.

3 3 8.5 Listen and say the chant. Look at the spelling.

- Have the children look at the image and say what they can see (a king and a boy listening to a girl making a terrible noise on a drum and singing badly).
- Play the first part of the audio and have the children listen and follow in their books.
- Play the first part again and encourage the children to join in.
- Ask What sound is in all the words with yellow letters? (/oi/).
- Play the second part of the audio and explain that the children have to say the missing words.

156 Unit 8

Audioscript

Teacher:	Now say the missing words. 'Oh, what a voice!' said the boy But 'Oi! What a noise!' thought Roy.
Children:	to Joy
Teacher:	'Oh, what a voice!' said the boy to Joy. But 'Oi!' thought Roy.
Children:	What a noise!
Teacher:	'Oh, what a voice!' said the boy to Joy. But 'Oi! What a noise!'
Children:	thought Roy
Teacher:	'Oh!' said the boy to Joy. But 'Oi! What a noise!' thought Roy.
Children:	What a voice!

4 (1) 8.6 Write the missing letters *oi* or *oy*. Listen and check.

- Elicit all the words from the children by inserting the sound */oi:/*.
- The children now complete the words with *oi* or *oy*.
- While they are doing this, write the gapped words on the board. Invite volunteers to come to the board and complete the words.
- Play the audio for the children to check their answers.

Answers: 1 toy 2 noise 3 coin 4 boy 5 voice 6 Joy

ESDC

What can we learn from history?

- Read out the question and ask if anyone can translate it into L1. This question helps the children identify some of the connections between our own community and the outside world.
- Ask the children where they can learn about history in their country, e.g. in books, online, in museums, by visiting ancient sites, by talking to older people.
- Discuss what they can learn about themselves and others from history.

Possible answers: how people like us lived, what they ate and wore and liked to do, the languages they spoke, how they solved problems and whether we can solve problems the same way

Cooler: Sentence endings

• Have the children place their Pupil's Books face down. Read out information from the reading text and have the children raise their hands to finish the sentence with a word, e.g. *The Inca bridges are made of ... (grass).*

1 Reo	d about the Incas on Pupil's	Book pages 98–99. Answer the question
	Vhere did the Incas live?	
<u>T</u>	hey lived in the Andes mountd	ains.
2 V	Vhat did they wear?	10 y marine
-		4 1
3 1	lame five things the Incas made.	
4 V	Vhat is the name of a small Inca ci	ity?
_		
_		
2 Cor	nplete the table. What did th	ne Incas make from ?
	Objects	Made from
	buildings	stone
		wool
_	necklaces	grass
		grass
Sound	necklaces s and spelling	grass
3 Find	s and spelling d and say the words. Then co	
3 Find	s and spelling	
3 Find	s and spelling d and say the words. Then co d the <i>oi</i> words yellow.	lour the oy words green
3 Find	s and spelling d and say the words. Then co	lour the oy words green
3 Find and	s and spelling d and say the words. Then co t the oi words yellow.	lour the oy words green
3 Find and (s and spelling d and say the words. Then co t the <i>oi</i> words yellow. $c_{oinenjoypointboy}$ and the sentences. Where do co	lour the oy words green
3 Find and 4 Rea Poin	s and spelling d and say the words. Then co t the oi words yellow.	lour the oy words green

Workbook page 84

1 Read about the Incas on Pupil's Book pages 98–99. Answer the questions.

Answers: 1 They lived in the Andes mountains.
2 They wore clothes made from the wool of llamas and alpacas.
3 clothes, gold necklaces, gold coins, sculptures, quipus
4 Machu Picchu

2 Complete the table. What did the Incas make from ...?

Answers:		
Objects	Made from	
buildings	stone	
clothes	wool	
bridges	grass	
necklaces	gold	

3 Find and say the words. Then colour the *oy* words green and the *oi* words yellow.

Answers: Green (oy): enjoy, boy, toy Yellow (oi): coin, point, noise

4 Read the sentences. Where do *oy* and *oi* go in the words?

Answers: 1 in the middle 2 at the end

Lesson 4

Grammar

Pupil's Book page 101

1 🖸 Look and r	d		Gro	iphic 🛛 G	rammar
	eaa.			there was /	were
	There	was a mamr	noth in	the cave	1
	There	was wasn't <i>(was not)</i>	a	mammoth.	
A.	Inere	were weren't <i>(were not)</i>	(some) any	mammoths.	, 🚮
2 Look and com	olete th	e sentences with	was was	n't were or	weren't
1 There were					me bowls. (√)
		nstrument. (√)	-	any coins. (×)	
3 There	any	clocks. (×)	7 There	ea necklace. (√)	
4 There			8 There	a	knife. (×)
A Look at part Draw four thin	ge 150. gs. Choo	do a picture dicto B Look at page 159 use from the items on m. Listen and draw y	the page.		
Sesence your		esten und urdwy	sa. menu	classioon.	
There was a fire					There weren't any sculptures.

Learning objectives: Understand There was / were

Grammar: there was / were

Review vocabulary: objects in a history museum

Resources: Graphic Grammar video; Grammar 1 worksheet

Warm-up: Words with oy or oi

- Write oy on the left side of the board and oi on the • right side.
- Point to one side or the other of the board and ask volunteers to raise their hands to say a word that has that spelling and the */oi/* sound.

Look and read. 1

- If you don't have access to the class video, write these two sentences on the board: There was _ musical instrument made of wood. There were buildings. Ask the children to fill in the missing words (a, stone). Then read out the sentences and ask Are these sentences about now or the past? and elicit *the past*.
- Have the children look at the picture in Activity 1 and ask what they can see.
- Read out the sentence. Ask the children Which word is a form of the verb 'to be'? Elicit was. What word do we add before 'was'? Flicit There.

- Ask the children which colour block the word There is in (*purple*) and which colour block the word was is in (blue). Ask the children to look at the board and say which form of the verb to be is for two or more things and elicit were.
- Read out the sentence again and have the children repeat.
- If you have access to the class video, present there was and there were as above. Then tell the children to watch the video and think about what word we add before was to talk about things that existed in the past.
- Play the video. Ask the children for feedback and elicit There.
- Play the video again, and have the children repeat the sentence.
- Ask the children which colour block the word There is in (*purple*) and which colour block the word was is in (*blue*). Ask the children to look at the board and say which form of to be is for two or more things and elicit were.

2 Look and complete the sentences with was, wasn't, were or weren't.

- Read out the sentences on the board again. Then change the information to There wasn't a musical instrument and There weren't stone buildings. Underline wasn't and weren't and ask the children What did I add? Why? Elicit n't and because it is negative / for things that are not true.
- The children look at the picture and complete the sentences. Then ask volunteers to read out their sentences.

Answers: 1 were 2 was 3 weren't 4 wasn't 5 were 6 weren't 7 was 8 wasn't

3 Work in pairs and do a picture dictation.



- Organise the children into pairs and then into Student A and Student B.
- Read out the instructions. Ask a volunteer pair to read out the example dialogue so the children have an understanding of how to play the game. Then have Student A turn to page 150 and have Student B turn to page 159.
- The children choose and draw four items from the list on their page. Then they take turns to describe their classroom and draw their friend's classroom.
- Allow time for the children to complete the game.

Teaching star!

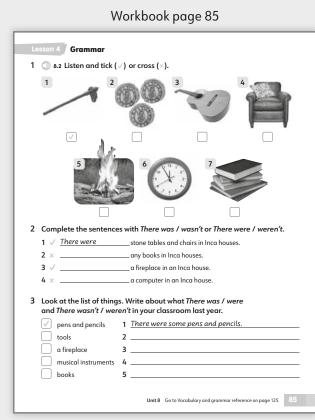
Communicating

- Extend an activity so the children can use the grammar point to talk about another aspect of their lives.
- Write on the board When I was five years old ...
- Tell the children to work alone and make a list of four things about their house or family that existed or didn't exist when they were five. They then work in pairs and tell each other their ideas using *There was* / wasn't and *There were / weren't*.

Grammar booster

Ask the children to turn to page 141 of their Pupil's Book to complete Activity 1. If the children need more grammar practice before the communicative Activity 3, have them complete this activity first. You may also wish to have the children complete this activity at home.

Answers: 1 was 2 weren't 3 was 4 were 5 was 6 were



Grammar reference:

Remind the children that they can refer to the grammar reference on page 125 while completing these Workbook activities.

Cooler: Do you agree?

 Say sentences using There was / were. The children raise their hands if they agree, e.g. There was a lot of snow last week. There was a good film on TV yesterday. There were lots children at school yesterday. There was a black cloud in the sky this morning.

1 🕦 8.2 Listen and tick (✓) or cross (X).

Audioscript

- *Girl:* What did you do yesterday?
- **Boy:** I went to the history museum in town.
- Girl: Really? What did you see?
- **Boy:** There were some tools and some coins. There was a bedroom with old things in it. There was a musical instrument and an old armchair next to a fire. But there wasn't a clock and there weren't any books!
- Girl: I'd like to go, too!

Answers: 1 tools \checkmark , 2 coins \checkmark , 3 musical instrument \checkmark , 4 armchair \checkmark , 5 fire \checkmark , 6 clock \times , 7 books \times

2 Complete the sentences with There was / wasn't or There were / weren't.

Answers: 1 There were 2 There weren't 3 There was 4 There wasn't

3 Look at the list of things. Write about what There was / were and There wasn't / weren't in your classroom last year.

Answers: Children's own answers.

Lesson 5 / Language in use

Pupil's Book page 102



Learning objectives: Use Yes / No questions with there was / were; Use new words: zoo words

Vocabulary: butterfly, gorilla, meerkat, parrot, show

Resources: Language in use video; Flashcards, Grammar 2 worksheet, Vocabulary 2 worksheet

Warm-up: Stand up for yes!

 Ask questions about the past. The children stand up if the sentences are true for them and say Yes! e.g. Did you do maths homework yesterday? Did you play with your friends last weekend? Did you go to the zoo last week?

8.7 Listen and say. 1

- If you don't have access to the class video, teach the zoo animals first. Repeat Did you go to the zoo last week? Then ask the children When did you last go to the zoo? and elicit answers.
- Draw the zoo animals on the board and say the names. The drawings don't have to be good, and you can have the children guess what the animals are. Confirm their correct guesses and say the English words a few times for the children to repeat.
- Play the audio and have the children listen and raise their hands every time they hear one of the words from the box. Ask them to work out what show means from the context in the dialogue (a performance).

- Play the audio again and have the children listen, follow and repeat each line of the dialogue. Repeat the sentences with the questions and answers using there was / were.
- Ask What word do we need with was and were? and elicit there.
- Divide the class into two, and have the children act out the dialogue with each half taking one role. Then change roles.
- If you have access to the class video, follow the above procedure with the video.
- Play the video one more time and have the children • repeat, copying all intonation and body language as closely as possible.
- 2 Read the answers about the zoo. Write the questions.
 - Have a pair read out the example question and answer. Ask the children to think about question 2. Ask Do you need 'was' or 'were'? Do you need 'a' or 'any'? and elicit were and any.
 - Have the children complete the sentences individually. • Then choose pairs to read out the questions and answers.

Answers: 1 Was there a café at the zoo? **2** Were there any kangaroos at the zoo? **3** Were there any gorillas at the zoo? 4 Was there a shop at the zoo? 5 Were there any dolphins at the zoo?

Mixed ability

- Assign a small task for early finishers before the • children do a writing task so you don't distract the other children while they work.
- Before the children start writing answers in their • books for Activity 2, tell them that if they finish earlier than their friends they can quietly think up their own question and answer about a zoo and write it in their notebooks. After checking Activity 2, ask the early finishers to read out their answers and have volunteers from the rest of the class suggest the question.

3 💭 Work in pairs. Now make a new dialogue.



Teaching star!

- Have two volunteers read out the dialogue.
- Elicit some possibilities for a new dialogue from the whole class and build a complete new dialogue with their suggestions.
- Divide the class into pairs. Have them make a new version of the dialogue similar to the example one done with the whole class.
- Invite some pairs to perform their new dialogue for the class.

Grammar booster

Ask the children to turn to page 141 of their Pupil's Book to complete Activities 2 and 3. You may also wish to have the children complete these activities at home.

Answers: 2 1 Were 2 Was 3 Were 4 Were 5 Was 6 Were 3 1 Were, were 2 Was, wasn't 3 Were, weren't

4 Were, were 5 Was, wasn't 6 Were, were

Workbook page 86 on 5 🛛 Language in use 1 💿 8.3 Listen and write one or two words. 1 She went to the museum with her _____ family 2 They had in the café. 3 There were some 4 There enormous mammoths 5 She had a ____ 2 Write questions and answers. 1 any Where at the zoo there dinosaurs ? weren't there No, . Were there any dinosaurs at the zoo? 2 bird show there Was a ? there No, wasn't . **3** any there Were kangaroos ? were Yes, there . 3 Your friend went to a shopping centre yesterday. Write questions to ask him / her. 1 Were there any_ 2 Was there a 3_ 4 Imagine you went to the shopping centre with your friend Answer the questions you wrote in Activity 3. 2 3 86 Unit 8 Go to Vocabulary and grammar reference on page 125

Grammar reference:

Remind the children that they can refer to the grammar reference on page 125 while completing these Workbook activities.

Cooler: Your last party

- Ask different children about the last party they went to. Ask questions with Was / Were there ...?
 e.g. Were there candles / balloons / games / presents / mums and dads / brothers and sisters?
 Was there a cake / pizza / music / dancing?
- Children can then mingle and ask each other questions about the last party they went to.

1 🔘 8.3 Listen and write one or two words.

Audioscript

- **Boy:** What did you do yesterday?
- Girl: I went to the museum with my family.
- Boy: Was there a café at the museum?
- Girl: Yes, we had lunch there.
- Boy: Were there any dinosaurs? I love dinosaurs!
- Girl: Yes, there were some dinosaurs.
- Boy: What else was there?
- Girl: There were some enormous mammoths.
- Boy: Did you have a good day?
- Girl: I had a great day, thank you.

Answers: 1 family 2 lunch 3 dinosaurs 4 were some 5 great day

2 Write questions and answers.

Answers: 1 Were there any dinosaurs at the zoo? No, there weren't. 2 Was there a bird show? No, there wasn't. 3 Were there any kangaroos? Yes, there were.

3 Your friend went to a shopping centre yesterday. Write questions to ask him / her.

Answers: Children's own answers.

4 Imagine you went to the shopping centre with your friends. Answer the questions you wrote in Activity 3.

Answers: Children's own answers.

Lesson 6

Listening and speaking

Pupil's Book page 103

Lesson é	List	ening o	and speak	ing		
1 Look at 1	the pictu	res. What	can you see	in the ca	ves?	
a	f		b ST	h	с 	1
2 🕥 8.8 Li	A fire	c (√) who Bowls	at was in each A necklace	cave. Tools	Musical	A sculpture
Ella's cave	~				mscruments	
Flo's cave						
Luke's cave						
Write a, 4 💿 Wor	b or c. k in pairs	Ella . Imagine ity 1. Ask	d 2. Which we Flo (e you visited o and answer.	ne of Be a st		?
	1			Yes,	there was.	
	S.	Were th	nere any toys?		there was. ere weren't.	

Learning objectives: Listening: analyse information; Speaking: describe a picture

Resources: Flashcards

Warm-up: Pictures

• Say the following words from Lesson 1 one at a time. Ask volunteers to draw pictures of them on the board: fire, bowl, necklace, tools, musical instrument, sculpture.

1 Look at the pictures. What can you see in the caves?

• Tell the children to look at the pictures and think about what they can see. Have volunteers say what they can see in the pictures. Prompt if necessary: What can you see in picture a / b / c? Ask for a raise of hands for some pictures / paintings, musical instruments and some sculptures.

Answers: Picture a: some paintings, a necklace, some musical instruments Picture b: a ceramic pot and bowl, a sculpture, some paintings Picture c: some tools, some musical instruments, a sculpture

2 (▶ 8.8 Listen. Tick (✓) what was in each cave.

- Have the children listen to Ella, Flo and Luke and fill in the table.
- Play the audio. The children can compare tables with a friend.
- Play the audio again. Ask for feedback and confirm answers. Encourage the children to give full sentence answers using *There was / were*.

Audioscript

Addioscrip	•
Narrator:	Ella
Aunt Daisy:	Ella, did you enjoy your visit to the prehistoric caves?
Ella:	Yes! Very much, Aunt Daisy!
Aunt Daisy:	Good! Tell me about your favourite cave. Was there a fire?
Ella:	Yes, there was. There was a painting of a fire on the wall, and some prehistoric animals, too.
Aunt Daisy:	Wonderful! And were there any bowls?
Ella:	Yes, there were. And there was a sculpture, too.
Aunt Daisy:	Wow! That does sound interesting!
Narrator:	Flo
Aunt Daisy:	How about you, Flo? What was there in your favourite cave?
Flo:	Well, there were some amazing musical instruments!
Aunt Daisy:	Were there?
Charlie:	Musical instruments. Wow!
Aunt Daisy:	And was there a cave painting of a fire?
Flo:	No, there wasn't. There wasn't a fire.
Aunt Daisy:	How about tools?
Charlie:	Yes, were there any tools?
Flo:	Yes, there were some knives. And there was a sculpture made of stone.
Narrator:	Luke
Luke:	Can I tell you about my favourite cave, Aunt Daisy?
Aunt Daisy:	OK, Luke. Was there a sculpture in your favourite cave?
Luke:	No, there wasn't. There wasn't a sculpture, but there was a necklace!
Aunt Daisy:	A necklace? Amazing!
Charlie:	Were there any musical instruments, Luke?
Luke:	Yes, there were. There were musical instruments. And there was a painting of a fire and prehistoric animals!
Charlie:	Wow!

Answers: Ella's cave: fire, bowls, sculpture Flo's cave: tools, musical instruments, sculpture Luke's cave: fire, necklace, musical instruments

★ ★ Teaching star!

Game

• Repeat flashcard games so that language is frequently recycled and reinforced and assign a child to play the role of teacher to add variety. Play the *What's this?* flashcard game. See the Games bank (pages 14–17) for how to play this game. Have a child be in charge of the game.

3 Dook at Activities 1 and 2. Which was their favourite cave? Write *a*, *b* or *c*.

- The children look at the pictures and table and work out which cave was each character's favourite.
- Have the children raise hands to offer answers. Ask for class agreement.

Workbook page 87

1	Look at Activity 2 on Pupil's Book page 1 the three caves.	03. Complete the sentences about
	 In Ella's cave, there was a painting of a fire a and a 	and some prehistoric animals, some bowls
	2 In Flo's cave,	
	3 In Luke's cave,	
2	Imagine you visited a prehistoric cave. E objects you saw in it.	Draw the cave and the prehistoric
3	Answer questions about your cave.	
3	Answer questions about your cave. 1 Were there any paintings in your cave?	
3		
3	 Were there any paintings in your cave? Was there a sculpture? Were there any musical instruments? 	
3	 Were there any paintings in your cave? Was there a sculpture? 	
	 Were there any paintings in your cave? Was there a sculpture? Were there any musical instruments? 	
3	 Were there any pointings in your cave? Was there a sculpture? Were there any musical instruments? Were there any bowls and pots? 	

Answers: Ella: b Flo: c Luke: a

4 🐨 Work in pairs. Imagine you visited one of the caves in Activity 1. Ask and answer.



- Have volunteers read out the example questions and answers.
- The children work in pairs and talk about the caves. They work out which cave their friend visited.

Cooler: Memory game

 Have the children look again at the pictures in Activity 1. Then have them place their Pupil's Books face down and try to remember what there was in each cave. They can write their ideas down and then open their books to check.

1 Look at Activity 2 on Pupil's Book page 103. Complete the sentences about the three caves.

Answers: 1 sculpture 2 there were some musical instruments, some knives and a sculpture. 3 there was a necklace, some musical instruments and some paintings.

2 Imagine you visited a prehistoric cave. Draw the cave and the prehistoric objects you saw in it.

Answers: Children's own answers and drawings.

3 Answer questions about your cave.

Answers: Children's own answers.

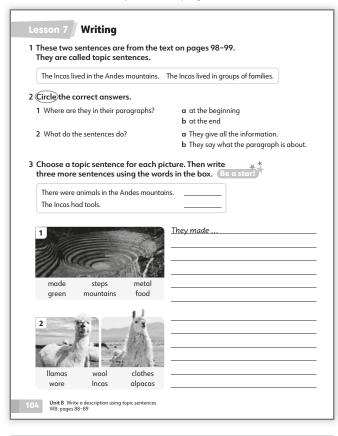
4 Now write about your cave.

Answers: Children's own answers.

Lesson 7

Writing

Pupil's Book page 104



Learning objectives: Write a description using topic sentences

Warm-up: Missing vowels

• Write the following words with the vowels missing. Have volunteers complete the words. You can give clues to help, e.g. *I walk up two of these to enter my house.*

st _ ps, m _ t _l, gr _ n, m _ nt _ ns, f _ d, ll _ m _ s, w _ l, cl _ th _ s, w _ r_, _ nc _ s, _ lp _ c _s. (steps, metal, green, mountains, food, llamas, wool, clothes, wore, lncas, alpacas)

1 These two sentences are from the text on pages 98–99. They are called topic sentences.

• Have the children read through the topic sentences quietly. Then tell them to look back at the text about The Incas on pages 98–99 and to find the sentences (paragraphs 1 and 4).

2 Circle the correct answers.

- Ask the children to read the questions and answers, look at the topic sentences in the text and circle the correct answers.
- The children do the activity individually. Then ask volunteers to read out their answers.

Answers: 1 a – at the beginning **2** b – They say what the paragraph is about.

- 3 Choose a topic sentence for each picture. Then write three more sentences using the words in the box. Be a star!
 - Have the children look at the pictures and choose the correct topic sentences. They number the sentences.

Answers: There were animals in the Andes mountains: 2 The Incas had tools: 1

- Read through the words in the boxes. Ask the children to suggest verbs and other forms they can use for their sentences. Elicit *There were* and *They made* and write these on the board.
- The children do the rest of the activity individually. Monitor and help as necessary. Then have volunteers read out their sentences. Write an agreed version on the board.

Suggested answers: 1 The Incas had tools. There were tools they made from metal. They made big green steps in the mountains. They used lots of different tools to grow food. **2** There were animals in the Andes mountains. There were llamas and alpacas. The Incas wore clothes made from the wool of llamas and alpacas.

TPR game

• Kinaesthetic learners might find it difficult to sit down for a long time for reading and writing activities. So try to include a TPR activity somewhere in the lesson to cater for them. See the Games bank (pages 14–17) for how to do TPR.

Teaching star!

• Tell the children that you are going to read out the agreed version of Activity 3 from the board. Assign a word to each child. This can be any word (e.g. *tools*, *made*, *animal*, *there were*, etc.). When they hear their word they stand up and then sit down again.

Cooler: Stickman

• Divide the class into groups of four. They play *Stickman* with the words from the warm-up. See the Games bank (pages 14–17) for how to play this game. One pair chooses a word and the other pair tries to guess what it is. They can do this in their notebooks.

······································	Ready to write
Prepare to write	3 Now put the two paragraphs together and add detail.
I Read the text, then choose the best topic sentence to complete it. The people made things for their houses and farms. For example, they made stone buildings and steps, bridges made of grass and clothes from wool. They also made gold necklaces. 1 The Incos liked making things. 2 There was a place to make tools in Machu Picchu. 3 There were no mountains where the Incos lived. 2 Look at the pictures. Think of a topic sentence for each picture. Then write three or more sentences using the words to help you. Image: prehistory musical instruments cove necklace fire stone bowls	Prehistory and now Image: Second se
	 Did I write sentences about the topic? Did I use the correct past tense? Did I use the correct punctuation? Did I write neatly?

Prepare to write

1 Read the text, then choose the best topic sentence to complete it.

- The children read the paragraph and choose the best topic sentence to complete it.
- If done in class, have a volunteer read out the paragraph.
- Have the children read the topics sentences quietly and choose one. They raise their hands to offer answers. Confirm the correct choice and then give the children a minute to write it on the line.
- Ask volunteers read out a sentence each.

Answer: 1 The Incas liked making things.

- 2 Look at the pictures. Think of a topic sentence for each picture. Then write three or more sentences using the words to help you.
 - The children look at the pictures and the words. They think of a topic sentence for each paragraph. Then they write at least three sentences with the words to finish the paragraphs.

- If done in class, do the first picture and paragraph together. Then give the children a few minutes to do the second paragraph individually.
- Ask volunteers to write their ideas on the board. Ask for class agreement.

Answers: Children's own answers.

Ready to write

3 Now put the two paragraphs together and add detail.

- The children put their paragraphs together and add detail to their sentences.
- If done in class, ask the children *What detail can* we add? and elicit some ideas.
- Have the children complete the activity individually. They can then read each other's paragraphs and compare them.

Answers: Children's own answers.

- 4 Read and check your work in Activity 3. Tick (✓).
 - The children check their work and tick the boxes.

Lesson 8 Think about it!

Pupil's Book page 105

Lesson 8	hink about it!	Are you a good ARCHAEOLOGIST
Look at the obje Complete the to		
	Objects from prehistory	Objects from offer prehistory
Colour Colour Description big / small,		
Iong / short, square / round Material stone, gold,		
wood, wool		
Work in pair friend to guess.	t's yellow. It's sm It's yellow. It's sm It's made from go	all and round. In the second s
		Unit 8 Analyse information WB: pages 90-91

Learning objectives: Analyse information

Additional vocabulary: archaeologist

Resources: Unit 8 test

Materials: a piece of paper for each pair of children

Warm-up: Quick memory game

- Divide the children into pairs. Hand a piece of paper to each pair. Give them one minute to remember and write down as many new words from Lesson 1 as they can.
- Call out the words (bowl, coin, fire, history, knife, • museum, musical instrument, necklace, sculpture, tool) and the children tick the ones they found. Ask the children how many they remembered.

1 Look at the objects. Complete the table.



- Read the title of the page and explain An archaeologist is a person who looks for objects from the past in the ground. Archaeologists work in lots of different places and know a lot about history.
- Tell the children to look at the table and the objects. Have them raise their hands to say what the objects are (a flute, a sculpture, a tool and a coin). They then work individually to complete the table with their ideas.

- Give the children a few minutes to do this. They then compare their answers in pairs.
- Have volunteers read out their answers.

Answers: Flute: brown, small and long with round holes, bone Sculpture: grey, small and the shape of a cow, stone Bowl: brown, big and round, metal Coin: yellow, small and round, gold

- 2 🐷 Work in pairs. Choose one of the objects from Activity 1 for your friend to quess.
 - Organise the children in pairs and have volunteers read out the example dialogue.
 - Have the children take turns describing one of the objects from Activity 1 to their friend and their friend tries to guess what it is.

Teaching star!

Communicating

- Encourage class discussion about a subject so that the children connect English to other subjects on their curriculum. This will help them to place language in context and to develop skills and confidence across the curriculum.
- Ask the children these questions (and your own) about the theme of this unit. Encourage the children to raise their hands to answer and allow the discussion to lead to other questions, too. Involve less confident children with prompts, e.g. Do you agree? How about you? What do you think? Do you want to be an archaeologist? Why? / Why not?

Are there any places of prehistory in your country? Are there any places of history in your country? Do you visit history museums? Why? / Why not? Do you like history and history museums? Why? / Why not?

Cooler: What did you learn?

- Ask the children to tell their friend one interesting thing they learnt in this unit.
- Ask the children to report back to the class and say what their friend told them.
- Write the thing that the most children liked on the board and turn back to it in the unit to look at it again together.

 http://www.com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/		any pot some there was weren't	
 Look and read. Choo There is one example. 	ose the correct words and w		
mere is one example.		What was 1 <u>there</u> in my favourite cave?	1000
STATISTICS TOTAL	6220	Well, there were ² paintings of	1
- the	(A.S.)	prehistoric animals. There was a ³ and	1_
a fire	a coin	there was a bowl. There ⁴ any toys.	n.
		a sculpture. There weren't	the second
		6 tools.	
		4 Look at Activity 3. Write questions and answers about the text.	
a musical instrument	a museum	history 1 Was there a sculpture? 2 Were there	
		Yes, there was.	
]	
the second se	-	2 /	
and the second s		34	
a bo	wl a neckl	J	
a bo Example You use it to make		lace	
	music. <u>a musical ins</u>	lace What I can do!	
Example You use it to make	music. <u>a musical ins</u>	lace What I can do! Put a tick (√) or a cross (×).	
Example You use it to make 1 You visit it to learn about th	music. <u>a musical ins</u>	lace strument What I can do! Put a tick (√) or a cross (×). □ talk about life in the past □ use there was / wasn't and there we	
Example You use it to make 1 You visit it to learn about th 2 It is a form of money.	music. <u>a musical ins</u>	lace strument What I can do! Put a tick (√) or a cross (×). italk about life in the past is use there was / wasn't and there we is sing the song Prehistory is describe a picture	ere / were
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1 Look and read. Choose the correct words and write them on the lines. There is one example.

This activity helps prepare the children for Part 1 of the Reading and Writing paper of the Cambridge English: A1 Movers test.

- The children look at the pictures, read the definitions and write the correct word.
- If done in class, read out the example and tell the children to point to the correct picture.
- Have the children complete the activity individually. They can then compare answers with a friend.

Answers: 1 a museum 2 a coin 3 a necklace 4 a fire 5 history

2 Unscramble the letters to make words.

Answers: 1 grass 2 stone 3 wood 4 metal 5 fireplace 6 sculpture

3 Complete the text with the words in the box.

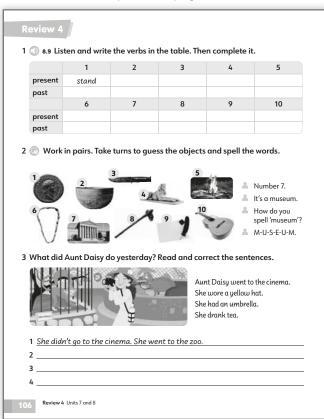
Answers: 1 there 2 some 3 pot 4 weren't 5 was 6 any

4 Look at Activity 3. Write questions and answers about the text.

Suggested answers: 1 Was there a sculpture?Yes, there was. 2 Were there any toys / tools?No, there weren't. 3 Was there a pot? Yes, there was. 4 Was there a bowl? Yes, there was.

Review 4

Pupil's Book page 106



Learning objectives: Review Units 7 and 8, A1 Movers: Listening Part 2; Speaking Part 4

Resources: Speaking exam practice video

Warm-up: We've got talent!

- Divide the class into two groups. Group 1 will sing the song from Unit 7 (page 83), and Group 2 the song from Unit 8 (page 97). Tell them to perform to the other group.
- Have Group 1 stand up. Play the audio (track 7.3) and have the children sing along. When they finish Group 2 should clap.
- Repeat for Group 2. Play the audio (track 8.3).

1 (1) 8.9 Listen and write the verbs in the table. Then complete it.

- Tell the children they will hear the verbs in the present and that they should write them in the table. Play the audio.
- Have volunteers write the verbs in the present on the board. Then give the children two minutes to write the verbs in the past. They do this individually and then compare answers with a friend.
- Have volunteers write the verbs in the past on the board. Read out all the verbs and have the children repeat.

Audioscript

1 stand 2 say 3 have 4 make 5 wear 6 come 7 go 8 see 9 read 10 think

Answers: 1 stand, stood 2 say, said 3 have, had 4 make, made 5 wear, wore 6 come, came 7 go, went 8 see, saw 9 read, read 10 think, thought

Extension

• You can extend an activity to add context. This will consolidate the meaning of the vocabulary.

Teaching star!

- Divide the class into five groups. Assign two verbs from the table to each group.
- The groups work together to write an example sentence for each verb; one in the present and one in the past. Then the groups read out their sentences to the class.

2 Work in pairs. Take turns to guess the objects and spell the words.

- Have two volunteers read out the example dialogue.
- In pairs, the children take turns to choose an object. Monitor pairwork and make sure spelling is correct.
- Have volunteers spell out the words and other volunteers can write the words on the board.

Answers: 1 coin 2 bowl 3 knife 4 sculpture 5 fire 6 necklace 7 museum 8 tool 9 history 10 musical instrument

3 What did Aunt Daisy do yesterday? Read and correct the sentences.

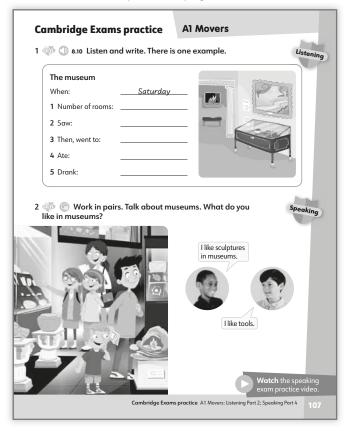
- Tell the children to look at the picture. Have volunteers read out the sentences. Then read out the example correct sentence and ask *What is the past simple negative of 'went'?* and elicit *didn't go*.
- Tell the children to correct the other sentences individually. Then ask children to read out their correct sentences.
- Volunteers write the correct sentences on the board.

Answers: 1 She didn't go to the cinema. She went to the zoo.
2 She didn't wear a yellow hat. She wore a pink hat.
3 She didn't have an umbrella. She had a camera.
4 She didn't drink tea. She drank water.

Cambridge Exams practice

Al Movers

Pupil's Book page 107



1 (1) 8.10 Listen and write. There is one example.

This activity helps the children prepare for Part 2 of the Listening paper in the Cambridge English: A1 Movers test.

- Children listen and fill in one-word answers.
- Play the audio. The children write their answers.
- Ask for feedback. Write answers on the board.

Audioscript

Woman: Hello, Jane. How are you?

Jane:	I'm fine, thanks. I've got to write about a visit to a museum.
Woman:	When did you go to a museum? Was it last Thursday?
Jane:	No, it wasn't. It was last Saturday.
Narrator:	Can you see the answer? Now you listen and write. One
Woman:	How many rooms were there in the museum?
Jane:	That's difficult!
Woman:	Well, think about it.
Jane:	Oh, twenty I think.

Woman:	Twenty! Good.
Narrator:	Тwo
Woman:	And what did you see?
Jane:	We saw some paintings.
Woman:	Were they interesting?
Jane:	Yes, they were. They had beautiful colours in them.
Narrator:	Three
Jane:	After the museum we went to a park.
Woman:	What did you do there?
Jane:	We played games.
Woman:	Was that fun?
Jane:	Yes, it was.
Narrator:	Four
Woman:	And did you eat anything?
Jane:	Yes, we ate sandwiches.
Woman:	Where?
Jane:	In the park.
Narrator:	Five
Woman:	And what about a drink?
Jane:	We drank lots of water.
Woman:	OK. Now you can write about it!
Jane:	Thank you.

Answers: 1 twenty 2 paintings 3 the park 4 sandwiches 5 water

2 Work in pairs. Talk about museums. What do you like in museums?

- This activity helps the children prepare for Part 4 of the Speaking paper in the Cambridge English: A1 Movers test.
- Have the children work in pairs to complete the activity. Allow them to look through the unit for ideas if necessary. Circulate among the children to affirm responses.

Cooler: Well done!

- Say Well done! You're an Academy Star!
- Ask the children for feedback with these questions: Which unit was the most interesting? What lesson was the most fun? Did you learn anything new? What did you learn?